## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

- 1. (Currently Amended) A sol, comprising:
  - an aqueous phase;
  - particles of a phosphate of one rare earth-consisting of cerium;
  - an acid other than phosphoric acid, a cerium salt of which is soluble in water,

wherein the particles of phosphate are orthophosphates.

- 2. (Previously Presented) A sol as claimed in claim 1, wherein said acid is selected from acids with a pK<sub>a</sub> of at least 3.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A sol according to claim 1, wherein said acid is selected from the group consisting of nitric acid, acetic acid, formic acid, citric acid and propionic acid.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A sol according to claim 1, wherein its pH is at least 4.

- 5. (Previously Presented) A sol according to claim 1, wherein the rare earth phosphate particles are constituted by elementary crystals 5 nm to 20 nm thick and in the range 25 nm to 200 nm in length.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a sol of a phosphate of at least one rare earth selected from the group consisting of cerium and lanthanum according to claim 1, comprising the following steps:
  - mixing a solution of salts of at least one of said rare earths
     <u>cerium</u> with phosphate ions in a PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>-/rare earth PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>-/cerium
     mole ratio of more than 1 with control of the pH of the reaction
     medium to a value of more than 2;
  - then ageing the precipitate obtained if the value of the pH of the reaction medium is in the range 2 to 6;
  - separating the precipitate from the reaction medium;
  - re-dispersing said precipitate in water;
  - adding at least one salt of said rare earth cerium and said acid
    to the dispersion in a quantity such that the final PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>/rare earth
    PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>-/cerium mole ratio in the dispersion is equal to 1.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a sol of a phosphate of at least one rare earth selected from cerium and lanthanum according to claim 1, comprising the following steps:
  - continuously introducing, with stirring, a first solution of salts of at least one of said rare earths cerium into a solution containing

phosphate ions and with an initial pH of less than 2; the phosphate ions being present in a quantity such that the  $PO_4^{3-}$ /rare earth  $PO_4^{3-}$ /cerium mole ratio is more than 1;

- controlling the pH of the reaction medium to a substantially constant value of less than 2 during precipitation;
- separating the precipitate from the reaction medium;
- re-dispersing said precipitate in water;
- adding at least one salt of said rare earth cerium and said acid to the dispersion obtained in a quantity such that the final PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>-/rare-earth PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3</sup>-/cerium mole ratio in the dispersion is 1.
- 8. (Previously Presented) A process according to claim 6, wherein the pH of the precipitation medium is controlled by adding a basic compound.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A process according to claim 8, wherein said basic compound is ammonium hydroxide.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A process according to claim 6, wherein said phosphate ions are in the form of an ammonium phosphate solution.
- 11. (Previously Presented) A polishing suspension, comprising a sol according to claim 1.

- 12. (Previously Presented) An anti-corrosion agent comprising the sol according to claim 1.
- 13. (Previously Presented) An anti-UV agent comprising the sol according to claim 1.
  - 14. (Currently Amended) A sol, comprising:
    - an aqueous phase;
    - particles of a phosphate of one rare earth consisting of lanthanum;
    - an acid with a pK<sub>a</sub> of at least 3, other than phosphoric acid, a
       lanthanum salt of which is soluble in water;

wherein the particles of phosphate are orthophosphates.

- 15. (Currently Amended) A sol according to claim 14, wherein said acid is selected from the group consisting of nitric acid, acetic acid, formic acid, citric acid and propionic acid.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A sol according to claim 14, wherein its pH is at least 4.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A sol according to claim 14, wherein the rare earth phosphate particles are constituted by elementary crystals 5 nm to 20 nm thick and in the range 25 nm to 200 nm in length.

- 18. (New) A sol according to claim 14, wherein the particles of phosphate are orthophosphates.
- 19. (New) A sol according to claim 14, wherein an average particle size of the particles of the phosphate is at most 200 nm.
- 20. (New) A process for preparing a sol of a phosphate of lanthanum according to claim 14, comprising the following steps:
  - mixing a solution of salts of lanthanum-with phosphate ions in a PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>/ lanthanum\_mole ratio of more than 1 with control of the pH of the reaction medium to a value of more than 2;
  - then ageing the precipitate obtained if the value of the pH of the reaction medium is in the range 2 to 6;
  - separating the precipitate from the reaction medium;
  - re-dispersing said precipitate in water;
  - adding lanthanum-and said acid to the dispersion in a quantity such that the final P0<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>/ lanthanum\_mole ratio in the dispersion is equal to 1.
- 21. (New) A process according to claim 20, wherein the pH of the precipitation medium is controlled by adding a basic compound.

- 22. (New) A process according to claim 21, wherein said basic compound is ammonium hydroxide.
- 23. (New) A process according to claim 20, wherein said phosphate ions are in the form of an ammonium phosphate solution.
- 24. (New) A process for preparing a sol of a phosphate of lanthanum according to claim 14, comprising the following steps:
  - continuously introducing, with stirring, a first solution of salts of lanthanum into a solution containing phosphate ions and with an initial pH of less than 2; the phosphate ions being present in a quantity such that the PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>/lanthanum mole ratio is more than 1;
  - controlling the pH of the reaction medium to a substantially constant value of less than 2 during precipitation;
  - separating the precipitate from the reaction medium;
  - re-dispersing said precipitate in water;

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- adding lanthanum and said acid to the dispersion obtained in a quantity such that the final  $P0_4^{3-}$ /lanthanum mole ratio in the dispersion is 1.
- 25. (New) A polishing suspension, comprising a sol according to claim 14.
- 26. (New) An anti-corrosion agent comprising the sol according to claim

- 27. (New) An anti-UV agent comprising the sol according to claim 14.
- 28. (New) A sol according to claim 1, wherein an average particle size of the particles of the phosphate is at most 200 nm.